

Presentation to Canadian Airports Council OSTA committee

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Member, Transportation Safety Board Ottawa, Ontario, 12 February 2015



Outline

- About the TSB
- The Watchlist: an overview and update
 - Multi-modal issue
 - Air issues
- SECURITAS
- TSB investigation into air taxi operations



About the TSB

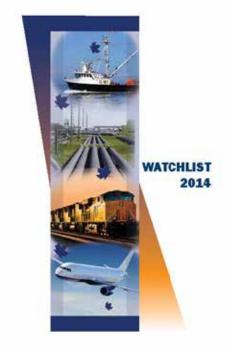
Mission: To advance transportation safety in the marine, pipeline, rail, and air modes of transportation that are under federal jurisdiction by:

- conducting independent investigations
- identifying safety deficiencies
- identifying causes and contributing factors
- making recommendations
- making our reports public



Watchlist 3.0 (November 2014)





Canada

New issue

Expanded issues

Issue removed

Outstanding issues

Multi-modal issue



Multi-modal issue: Safety management and oversight

Problem:

Some transportation companies are not effectively managing their safety risks, and TC oversight and intervention has not always proven effective at changing companies' unsafe operating practices.



Safety management and oversight (continued)

Solution:

- Transport Canada must expand regulations to require all operators to have formal safety management processes, and conduct regular oversight.
- Operators that are required to have safety management systems (SMS) must demonstrate they are working.
- When required, Transport Canada must effectively intervene to change unsafe operating practices.



Air issue: Collisions with land and water



Removed from Watchlist

- New regulations now require Terrain Awareness and Warning Systems (TAWS) aboard a wider range of aircraft.
- Non-precision instrument approach procedures now provide pilots with guidance to make stabilized descents.

Air issue: Approach-and-landing accidents

Problem

Landing accidents continue to occur at Canadian airports.

Solution

- Measures must be taken to reduce unstable approaches that are continued to a landing.
- Transport Canada must complete its analysis and move forward with regulatory changes.
- Airports must proactively assess risk and where appropriate, lengthen runway end safety areas or install other systems to safely stop planes that overrun runways.

Air issue: Risk of collisions on runways

Problem

There is an ongoing risk of aircraft colliding with vehicles or other aircraft on the ground at Canadian airports.

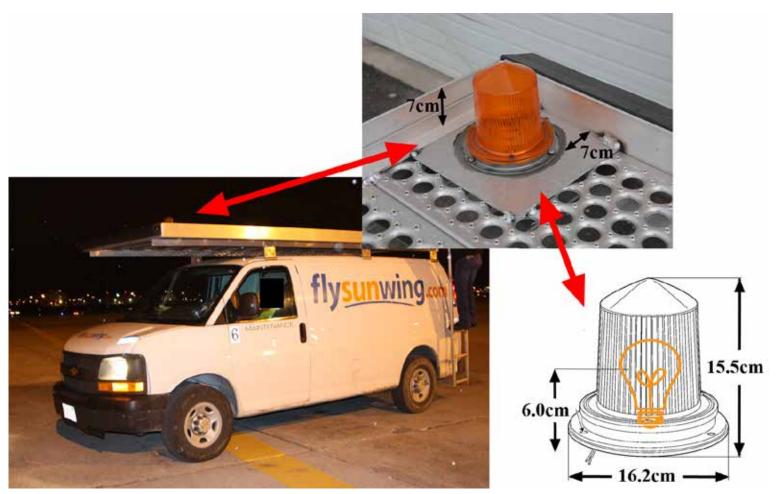
Solution

 Improved procedures and enhanced collision warning systems must be implemented at Canada's airports.

Case study 1: Maintenance van (A1300045)



A1300045 (continued)



Case study 2: Northern Thunderbird Air (A12P0034)



A12P0034 (continued)

Although just 3.5% to 4% of approaches are unstable, 97% of these are continued to a landing!

Possible results:

- runway overruns
- runway excursions
- landings short of the runway
- tail strikes



SECURITAS

What is it?

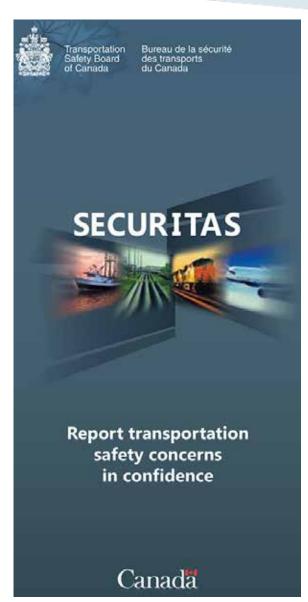
- A confidential system to report concerns in marine, pipeline, rail, and air modes
- Tell us what you see (unsafe acts or conditions)

How does it work?

- Letter, fax, phone or e-mail
- All statements are confidential, and protected under CTAISB Act

How many notifications each year?

- 30-40 e-mails
- 70-75 voice-mails



SECURITAS: What can you report?

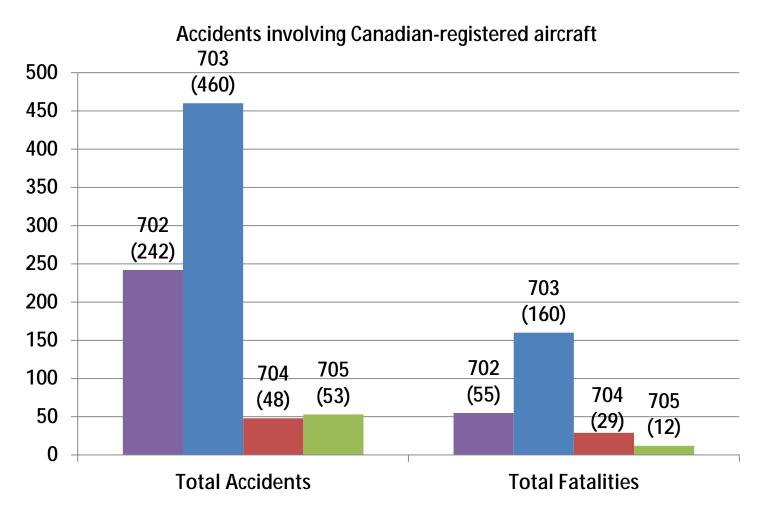
- Chronic lack of repair of aircraft, poor maintenance practices
- Unsafe runway or aerodrome conditions
- Poor air traffic services
- Non-compliance with airworthiness directives, minimum equipment list
- Pilots flying in excess of regulatory flight-time limits
- Shortcuts in following checklist procedures

Special Issues Investigation (SII) – Air Taxis

- Announced in November 2014.
- The goal: identify the underlying safety issues.
- Terms of reference are being finalized.
- We will be speaking with operators and industry associations to obtain input.
- We will be seeking examples of "best practices."
- We may make recommendations to address identified systemic deficiencies.



Air taxis — accident statistics



Total number of accidents and fatalities from 2005 to 2014 by operator type.



Air taxis — Common risk factors

- Pilot inexperience
- Insufficient training
- Deficiencies in pilot decision-making
- Deficiencies in crew resource management
- Inadequate (if any) risk analysis of operations
- Crew adaptations from standard operating procedures
- Deficiencies in operational control



Questions?

Canada